

Vines

Ampelopsis 'Elegans' (Porcelain Berry) – Grape shaped leaves with white variegation and red stems. Small white flower clusters form into porcelain blue berries in fall. Medium length vine with self-clinging tendrils. Ht. 10-25' Zone 5-8' Sun/Part Shade

Campsis (Trumpet Vine) – Large vine that develops clusters of trumpet-shaped flowers that attract hummingbirds in late summer. Forms thick woody stems that require support
Ht. 30' Zone 4-10 Sun/Part Shade

'Flamenco – 2" orange/red flowers July-September

'Flava' – 3" bright yellow flowers July-September

'Indian Summer' – 3" orange/red flowers July-September

'Madame Galen' – Dark green foliage with large salmon-orange blooms all summer.

'Radicans' – Native form blooming reddish-orange July-September.

Hydrangea anomola Petiolaris – Zone 4-8 Ht. 30-50' Blooms white May to July great for partial to full shade, winter interest, rabbit tolerant

Lonicera (Honeysuckle) – Fragrant long blooming vine that attracts hummingbirds a good part of the summer. This vine does require a support structure whether it be a trellis or fence. Ht. 6-10' Zone 3-9 Sun/Part Shade

'Dropmore Scarlet' – Rich green foliage with bright scarlet blooms.

'Gold Flame' - Fragrant bicolored blossoms (rosy pink outside, rich yellow within)

'Honey Baby' – Large creamy-yellow fragrant flowers July thru Oct. Ht. 6-7' Zones 4-8

'John Clayton' – Compact growth habit with pale yellow flowers. Ht 3-6'

'Mandarin' – Large clusters of bright orange flowers with yellow centers.

'Major Wheeler' – Scarlet blooms, heavily in spring, continuing all summer Ht 3-6' Zones 4-8

'Serotina' – Bright crimson tubular clusters open creamy-yellow and dark red. Fragrant 15'

Polygonum aubertii (Pink Flamingo) – Vigorous growing vine, requires a large support to twine on. Great for screening. Small fragrant pinkish-white clusters of flowers in late summer.
Ht. 20-30' Zone 4-8 Sun/Part Shade

Wisteria frutescens 'Amethyst Falls' – Vigorous woody vine requiring support. Brilliant fragrant purple blooms in April and May. Will bloom on old and new wood. Ht. 30'
Zone 3-8 Sun/Part Sun

Wisteria 'Aunt Dee' – Vigorous woody vine requiring support. Light lilac flower clusters in April and May. Ht. 15-25' Zones 4-8



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CLEMATIS AND VINES

Planting and Maintaining Clematis:

Clematis are known as 'The Queen Of Vines'. In order to have success, plant clematis in spring or early fall in a location receiving a minimum of five to six hours of sun per day. Pastel shades of clematis do quite well in afternoon shade. Clematis roots are long, run deep, and like it cool and damp, but not soggy. Keep roots shaded by planting annuals, shallow rooted perennials or groundcovers, or by applying mulch. Plant in an 18" x 18" hole, filling with well-drained soil amended with organic matter. Be sure to lightly compact the amended soil as it is placed into the hole to prevent settling. Set the plants so the crown is even with the soil surface. Stake the plant so that it is leaning toward its permanent support. Keep clematis well-watered but not soggy wet as they do not tolerate dryness. However, clematis are subject to crown rot fungus if they are kept too wet. They must be planted in a well-drained soil and not overwatered. Soak well once a week only during dry weather after the plant is established. Feed two times a year with a balanced fertilizer or use a slow release fertilizer such as Osmocote in the spring only. Prune the first spring after planting to about 12" from the ground leaving two or three pair of healthy leaf buds.

Pruning:

Pruning clematis falls into 3 groups depending on bloom time:

Group 1 - Mostly spring bloomers. Flowers are produced on old stems.
Prune or shape immediately after flowering is completed.
Established plants may not need pruning.

Group 2 - Early summer bloomers. Watch for swelling leaf buds in early spring. Remove all dead material above these buds. This group may need only light pruning, if at all.

Group 3 - Blooms summer and/or fall. Prune every year in March to 12" from the ground or to the lowest pair of healthy leaf buds.

<u>VARIETY</u>	<u>HEIGHT</u>	<u>BLOOM</u>	<u>PRUNE</u>	<u>VARIETY</u>	<u>HEIGHT</u>	<u>BLOOM</u>	<u>PRUNE</u>
Barbara Harrington	8-10'	Cerise (Red) colored flowers 4" June-Sept	3	(The) President	8-10'	Rich Purple 6-8" May-June	2
Cardinal Wyszynski	8-10'	Glowing crimson 6-8" July-Sept	2	Rebecca*	6-8'	Very large, 5-7" stunning bright red flowers. Blooms May-June and August	2
Clair De Lune *	8-10'	Large 6-7" white/pale lilac Blooms June, July, August	2	Red (Rouge) Cardinal	10'	Large deep velvety crimson flowers June-September	3
Comtesse de Bouchaud	8-12'	Velvet rose pink 4-6" flowers from June to September	3	Samaritan Jo	4-5'	Pointy layered petals with purple margins, prefers part shade, ideal for small spaces	3
Empress*	6-8'	Large double pink. May-June & August	2	Silver Moon	7-8'	Silvery Mauve 7-8" Sun/Part Shade May, June & August	2
Fleuri*	3-4'	Deep purple flowers with white anthers from July to Sept	2	Sweet Summer Love	10-12'	Fragrant, long bloom season, showy cranberry-violet flowers	3
Hagley Hybrid	6-8'	Rich pink flowers with ruffled edges and reddish anthers 5-6" blooms June and September	3	* Denotes Raymond Evison Collection This collection has been bred to have larger flowers with longer blooming season.			
Jackmanii	10-12'	Dark Purple 5-6" June-July	3				
Josephine*	8-10'	Mauve Lilac Tinged Green 5" June-Aug.	2				
Kilian Donahue*	8-10'	Blooms change color throughout the season. Bicolor colors of Fuchsia and orchid. Great repeat bloomer throughout the summer.	2				
Liberation	6-8'	Large deep pink flowers 5-6" May-June, Aug & Sept	2				
Nelly Moser	8-12'	Pink/Red Bar 5-6" May-June, Aug & Sept	2				
Paniculata Sweet Autumn	15-20'	Small White Clusters Fragrant Aug-Sept.	3				
Perrins Pride	8-10'	5-7" deep purple flowers. Profuse blooming June thru September	3				